Running Procedure

VAhyper®

Rev.:0



VAhyper®

RS-RP-VAH-1 Rev.0:



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This document contains the recommended practices for the installation of voestalpine tubulars proprietary connections. This is not comprehensive and is meant only as general guidance, based on best industry practices.

The user assumes all responsibility for the safe and effective implementation of these practices. Further, it is the user's responsibility to provide competent and knowledgeable personnel, as well as appropriate and well maintained equipment.



VAhyper®



Casing design 5 ½ – 7 inches: 10 % seal taper 7 ½ inches: 20 % seal taper

15° shoulder 5 threads per inch 10° stabbing flank 3° load flank

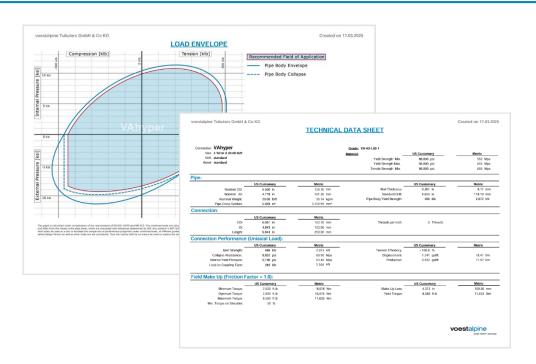


Tubing design 2 % - 4 ½ inches 50% seal taper 7.5° shoulder 2 % - 2 % ": 8 threads per inch 3 ½ " - 4 ½ ": 6 threads per inch 10° stabbing flank 3° load flank

- VAhyper® is designed to catch the smallest element.
- **Metal to metal seal** The improved sealing performance due to special surface treatment at seal area ensures hydrogen-tightness
- **Internal shoulder** Reinforces the contact pressure in the seal area and acts as a positive make-up stop.
- **Fit-For-Purpose** The VAhyper® has been successfully tested for hydrogen-tightness with 100% H2 at high pressures.
 - **Tailor made material grades** VAhyper® in combination with H2 grades ensures improved resistance against hydrogen embrittlement.
- **Position of seal area** The distance from the pin face provides improved protection against transport, handling and almost all installation damages.
 - **Clearance** The recess before and after the seal area is a lubricant reservoir where excess thread compound is forced to prevent a pressure build up due to trapped and compressed thread compound.



Technical data sheet



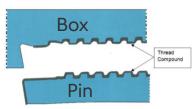
Dimensions and torque values will be provided through our datasheet generator: http://www.voestalpine.com/tubulars/en -> Customer service -> Datasheet generator

- Torques are valid for dope with friction factor 1 at room temperature
- Max. torque: optimum +10%
- Min. torque: optimum -10%
- Torques for special clearance couplings on request
- Special clearance & 20° beveled couplings: slip type elevator strongly recommended due to lower load on coupling face



- Equipment
 - Flevator
 - If collar type smooth bearing face
 - If slip type clean and sharp dies
 - Derrick
 - Blocks are centered over rotary table
 - Power tong
 - Correct size and calibrated
 - Torque-turn monitoring system
- Pipe handling
 - Thread protectors in place
 - No hooks to lift pipes
 - No rough handling
 - Use proper racks
- Preparation
 - Cleaning
 - Remove and clean protectors
 - Clean pin and box
 - Diesel and oil-based products are not recommended as cleaning solvent
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- Prevent corrosion
- Driftina
 - Drift on pipe rack start from box end
- Visual inspection
 - Check each pipe (see page 11)
 - Apply clean and dry protectors
- Pipe tally
- Running
 - Lifting and stabbing
 - Remove pin protectors just before stabbing
 - Clean connection with compressed air
 - Check seal area for damages
 - Apply thread compound pin & box



API-modified running compound with known friction factor between 0,8 ans 1,2 is recommended. Dope shall be applied uniform on pin and box (on pin including seal and shoulder)

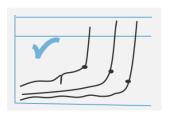
ONE STEP AHEAD.



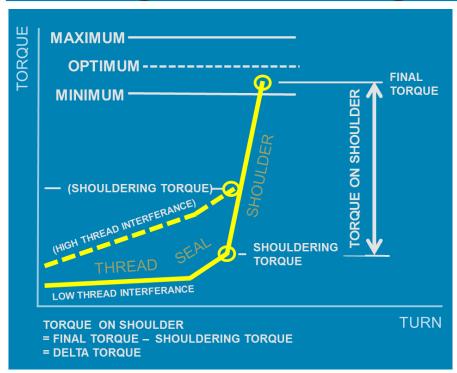
- Use a stabbing guide
- Lower carefully
- Maintain good alignment
- Make-up
 - Start slowly in high gear with open back-up
 - If connection jams (torque increases immediately)
 - Stop and release tong
 - Disengage connection / place back-up on coupling
 - Clean connection / visual inspection
 - If questionable set aside
 - If o.k. stab again
 - If connection stabs correct
 - Increase speed to spin-in (max. 20 rpm)
 - Assemble until torque increase
 - Stop rotation / close back-up
 - Finish in low gear and with speed less than 5 rpm
 - Approximately 1 to 2 turns before shouldering

Acceptance

- Final torque between maximum and minimum
 - Use correct friction factor of dope
 - Friction factor might be affected by extreme temperatures.
- Delta torque shall be at least 30 % of actual applied torque
 - See diagram on page 8
- No plastic deformation
- Increase of torque shall be reasonable uniform and smooth







Casing and tubing

Minimum 30 % torque on shoulder (Delta torque).



Triangle stamp shall be used as rough indicator for the make-up progress only.

After final make-up the coupling should be close to base line.



- Break-out
 - Place back up tong on coupling mill side
 - Set up power tongs to low gear
 - Speed shall be less than 10 rpm
 - Slowly lift the pin out of the box
 - Handle with care / use protectors
 - Clean all pipes
 - Visual inspection / page 11
 - Apply appropriate dope
 - Any problems during make-up or break-out should be reported immediately
 - Used equipment, thread compound, torques used, assembly speed,
 - Any questionable joint, set aside for evaluation, shall be brought to a disposition
 - Accepted or rejected
 - If rejected it must be properly marked

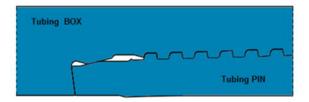
Thread lock compound

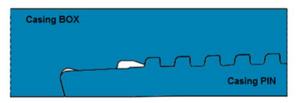
- Pin
 - Thread lock compound shall be applied on the first two-thirds of the threads. No other compound on pin.
- Box
 - No thread lock compound on threads. On seal and shoulder running compound shall be applied.

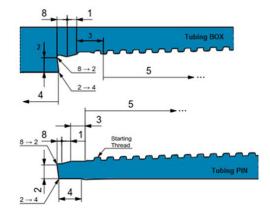


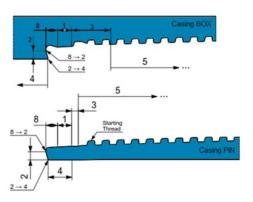
Visual inspection and field repair

- 1 Seal
- 2 Shoulder
- 3 Cylindrical section
- 4 Internal bore
- 5 Perfect thread length
- 6 Non perfect thread length *
- 7 Coupling face *
- 8 Clearance









* not shown in sketch



Visual inspection and field repair

Element	Area	Rust	Rust + Pitting	Burrs	Scratches	Dent	
Seal (a*)	1	Remove with abrasive fleece	Re-cut the pin	N/A	Minor remove with abrasive fleece	Re-cut the pin	
Shoulder	2	Remove with abrasive fleece	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	N/A	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Radius between seal and shoulder	1->2	Remove with abrasive fleece	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	N/A	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Edge between shoulder and bore	2->4	N/A	N/A	Remove with emery paper	N/A	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Cylindrical section	3	Remove with abrasive fleece	Remove rust with abrasive fleece. Pitting is accepted.	N/A	Accepted	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Internal bore	4	Accepted	Accepted	N/A	Accepted	Accepted	
Perfect thread length (b*)	5	Remove with abrasive fleece	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	Remove with emery paper	Accepted	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Non-perfect thread length	6	Remove with abrasive fleece	Grind to smooth surface with emery paper	Accepted	Accepted	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	
Clearance area	8	Remove with abrasive fleece	Remove rust with abrasive fleece. Pitting is accepted.	N/A	Accepted	Grind to smooth surface with file and emery paper	

"Perfect Thread Length " (measured from Pin End) Area for \is:u il inspection about perfect thread							
PIPE OD	mm	inch					
2 3/8 "	21,71	0,855					
27/8"	27,45	1,081					
3 1/2 "	40,07	1,578					
4 1/2 "	56,15	2,211					
5 1/2 "	51,00	2,008					
7 "	60,04	2,364					
7 5/8 "	65,28	2,570					

Abrassive fleece: 400 / 500 (superfine) Emery paper: 300 -400 (superfine)



a* Minor pitting, dents or scratches may be accepted after approval by voestalpine Tubulars specialist

 b^* Up to 2 thread-turns may be imperfect if not more than $\frac{1}{4}$ of a turn is affected. If more than 2 thread-turns / or more than a half turn in total / are affected, hand-repair may be accepted afte approval by voestalpine Tubulars specialist.

Visual inspection and field repair

Element	Area	Rust	Rust + Pitting	Burrs	Scratches	Dent
Seal (a*)	1	Remove with abrasive fleece	Change coupling	N/A	Change coupling	Change coupling
Shoulder (a*)	2	Remove with abrasive fleece	Change coupling	N/A	Minor accepted	Change coupling
Radius between seal and shoulder	1->2	Remove with abrasive fleece	Change coupling	N/A	Minor accepted	Change coupling
Edge between shoulder and bore	2->4	N/A	N/A	Remove with emery paper	N/A	Change coupling
Cylindrical section	3	Remove with abrasive fleece	Remove rust with abrasive fleece. Pitting is accepted.	N/A	Accepted	Change coupling
Internal bore	4	Accepted	Accepted	N/A	Accepted	Accepted
Perfect thread length (b*)	5	Remove with abrasive fleece	Change coupling	Remove with emery paper	Accepted	Change coupling
Non-perfect thread length	6	Remove with abrasive fleece	Minor pitting, after removal of rust with abrassive fleece, is accaptable	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted
Coupling face	7	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted
Clearance	8	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted	Accepted

Box

General: The phosphated surface shall not be removed excessively by hand - repair (except area 3.4 and 7. Minor removal is acceptable as it is.

Heavier removal can be accepted after approval by voestalpine Tubulars specialists. Phosphate spray should be applied (time for drying shall be given).

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a* Minor pitting, dents or scratches may be accepted after approval by voestalpine Tubulars specialist

b* Up to 4 thread-turns may be imperfect if not more than ½ of a turn is affected. If more than 4 thread-turns / or more than 2 in total are affected, hand-repair may be accepted after approval by voestalpine Tubulars specialist voestalpine

Transportation, Handling and Storage

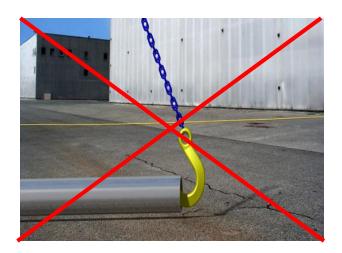
(as recommended by API 5C1)

Transportation

- Load pipe on bolsters and tie down with suitable chains or straps at the bolsters
- Load pipe with all couplings on the same end of the truck
- Do not overload the truck

Handling

- Before loading or unloading thread protectors should be in place
- Do not unload pipe by dropping
- Avoid rough handling which might damage the threads or the body of the pipe
- When rolling pipe, on the rack, keep pipe parallel and do not allow pipe to strike the ends
- Do not use hooks to lift pipes

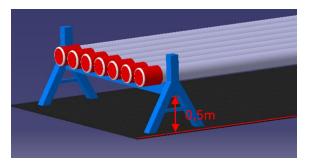




Transportation, Handling and Storage

Storage

- At least every six months some of the pin and box thread protectors should be removed at random and the threads should be checked for corrosion
- First tier of pipes should be no less than 1,5 feet's (approximately 0,5m) from the ground
- Pipes should properly rest on supports to prevent bending and damages
- Between the successive layers of pipes you should provide wooden strips as separators
- Do not stack pipes higher than three meters
- Only use thread protectors that correspond to the threaded pin/box ends
- Do not mix different pipes in the stack
- All protectors must be secured and should have no damage. DryTec® protectors shall be checked for proper tightness (hand tight) when put pipes into storage and at least each 3 months during storage







Thank you

